The Daily Gazetteer.

NUMB. 1067

MONDAY, DECEMBER 4. 1738.

No. 1075.

To RALPH FREEMAN, *Esq;*

SIR,

BELIEVE it is seldom that you Gentlemen, who are engaged in political Controverſies, meet with Female Correſpondents; nor, indeed, ſhould I have preſumed to ſet Pen to Paper, had I not been perſuaded in my own Mind, that what I have to tell you, is not altogether below your Notice; and, that my View in writing to you, is as juſt and honourable, as I conceive your Intention is, in reſpect to the Advice you give the Publick.

It will be next Summer, *Five* Years ſince I have been in *London*; but, as I was born in it, and ſpent the firſt fourteen Years of my Life there, I cannot baniſh from my Thoughts, the Manner of our living in that Town: My Aunt, who was alſo my Guardian, had many Papers conſtantly, and read them carefully; ſhe was a Woman of excellent Senſe, and had a good Education; ſhe was upwards of Sixty, when, by the Death of my Mother, I fell under her Care; but ſhe was very chearful, and very communicative; and, I aſſure you, Mr. *Freeman*, would read her little Lectures (for there were three of us) very uſeful Lectures, on the diurnal Occurrences: In ſhort, Sir, ſhe was a prudent, virtuous, and knowing old Woman, and gave me ſuch a Reliſh for Books and Letters, as hath been very advantageous to me ſince, and is the Cauſe of my being eſteemed a ſort of a Wit here; tho', it is very poſſible, I might have quite a different Character at *London*. By this time you are wondering what the Girl would be at. Patience, Sir; it is always beſt to let a Woman tell her *Story* her own Way. Take but the Trouble to read my Letter out, and you will not be diſſatisfied with the length of it: Nay, I give you Leave to publiſh it, if you think fit; but, let it be in my own Words, for my Sake, and your own. Now, I will go on. I have lived upwards of *four* Years with her younger Brother, who is a *Batchelor*, turned of *Fifty*, a *Humoriſt*, and a Man who values himſelf, above all things, on his being attached to *no* Party.

We live rather comfortably than elegantly; for my Eſtate and my Fortune, are both very moderate; but then, ſo are our Deſires, we keep ſome Company, but not much; and, as we live in a great Town, our Diſcourſe generally turns upon *publick Affairs*. My Neighbour, Mr. *Mattins*, is a *Roman Catholick*; he has the *Craftſman* and *Common Senſe* conſtantly, by what Channel I know not. My Couſin *Prim*, an honeſt well-natur'd Man, but a zealous *Anabaptiſt*, hath the *Old Whig*, and Abundance of *Pamphlets*, and other little *Treatiſes*, from time to time, from *London*. For ourſelves, we have the *Gazetteers* thrice a Week, with the *Evening Poſts*, and two or three neutral *Journals*. My *Uncle* is a kind of Chairman in our Debates; and, it would make you laugh, to hear him, what Gravity Mr. *Mattins* and his *Siſter*, my Couſin *Prim* and his *Son*, together with your humble Servant, ſupport what *each* takes to be the right Side of the *Queſtion*.

As to the dry Controverſies between Mr. *D'Anvers* and his Opponents, about the *Conduct* of *Parties*, and the elaborate Diſcourſes of Mr. *Freeport* and Mr. *Expert*, I confeſs they are above my Capacity, and therefore Mr. *Mattins* and I are *mute*, when the Men Diſpute about them: But, as to your Eſſays, Mr. *Freeman*, it is allowed, that they are always very intelligible, and ſometimes very *inſtructive*: Mr. *Mattins* does you the Juſtice to ſay, that you are never guilty of *Scurrility*; and Couſin *Prim* is your very good *Friend*, tho' he ſuſpects you to be a *zealous Churchman*: As for myſelf, I ſpeak it with great Sincerity, that I underſtand no Writer's Thoughts ſo eaſily as your's; and, I verily believe, that it was from meditating on ſome of your Papers, that I formed a *Project* of a new *political Teſt*, which I have ſince carried very happily into Execution, and of which I ſhall proceed to give you a fair and honeſt Account.

You muſt know, that by comparing your Writings with thoſe of the *Craftſman* and his *Aſſociates*, I was led to believe, that the material Queſtion between you was, whether our Situation at *preſent*, is *better* or *worſe* than was that of our *Anceſtors*? I could not help being ſurprized, that ſo plain a thing as this, ſhould be capable of being made the Subject of ſo long and ſo intricate a *Controverſy*; and, at laſt, I determined, in my own Mind, to try what Light I could get by appealing to Experience. With this View, I reſolved not to ſay a Word upon this Subject at our next Conference; but, on the contrary, make it my Study to engage our Gentlemen to give me their Thoughts *ſingly*; and, as it were by Accident, upon this Head, perſuading myſelf that it would be no difficult Matter to diſcover, by comparing their Sentiments, what a plain, well-meaning Perſon ought to think of this Matter: I believe it might be *three* Weeks or a Month, before I had thoroughly executed my innocent *Plot*; but, by that Time, I had the Satisfaction of ſatisfying myſelf fully, and either I am much miſtaken, or elſe what occurr'd to me on this Occaſion, may be of ſome Uſe in ſatisfying others; I do not mean *Wits* and *Writers*, for they, to be ſure, would think it below them to receive any ſort of Information from a Woman; but, I mean, Folks of moderate Underſtandings and honeſt Principles, who are anxious for themſelves and their Country Folks, and would be glad to know, whether the Veſſel of the Commonwealth is entirely out of Danger, or if it be, as ſome would have us believe, almoſt on the Point of going to the Bottom. You will perceive, Mr. *Freeman*, that I have made bold with ſome *political Terms*; but, I hope, I have not miſapplied them; and, I aſſure you, it was not out of Affectation that I ventured upon them, but merely becauſe I could not expreſs myſelf ſo clearly in another way.

I firſt addreſſed myſelf to my *Uncle*, who, tho' he is a ſober and moderate, yet he is a ſincere and conſcientious *Son* of the *Church* of *England*. It was a *Sunday* Evening when I took an Opportunity of aſking him, what he thought of the *Danger* of the *Church* in former Days and at preſent? The good-natured Man took the Pains to inſtruct me very fully, as to the original Conſtruction of the *Church* of *England*: He ſhewed me how the Errors of *Popery* were diſcovered; and how the *Civil* Power in the Days of Queen *Elizabeth*, eſtabliſhed, as the *Religion* of the *State*; the *Chriſtian Faith*, as purged from *Roman* Innovations and Corruptions. He explain'd to me the Methods taken by its Enemies, the *Papiſts*, on the one hand, and the *Puritans* on the other, to deſtroy it; and to introduce the *old Superſtition*, or the *new Diſcipline* in its ſtead. He expatiated on the Cauſes which drew upon the *Houſe* of *Stuart*, the Suſpicions of being *Favourers* of *Popery*. He likewiſe acquainted me with the *Arts* that were practiſed after the *Revolution*, to poſſeſs the leſs underſtanding Part of the *Prieſts* and *People*, with an Opinion, that the Government inclined to favour the *Diſſenters* to the Prejudice of the *Church*. He concluded with bleſſing God, that all Fears and Prejudices were now removed, and that the Church had nothing to apprehend, except that too great Felicity might corrupt the *Manners* of the *Children*. He farther obſerved, that the *Parties* in *State* had followed the Diſputes introduced about Religion; and that it was clearly his Sentiment, that Men were never poſſeſſed of more *Liberty*, either in *civil* or *religious* Matters, than at preſent, or better ſecured therein; for, ſaid he, no thing can hurt them but themſelves, and to attempt to *Remedy* this, would be *Enſlaving* them.

Mr. *Mattins* gave me, in one Evening, a Detail of the Affairs of the *Papiſts*, from the Reign of Queen *Elizabeth* to this Time: He alledged, that their own ill Conduct, and the Jealouſies of the People, had drawn upon them thoſe ſevere Statutes, which, he was pleaſed to ſay, *diſgraced* our *Laws*. Before the *Reſtoration*, he ſaid, the *Papiſts* had hardly ever had Breathing-time, if the *Miniſtry* inclined to *Perſecute* them; the *Laws* which ſecured other Subjects, left them to their *Mercy*; and if, on the other hand, they inclined to *favour* them, this was ſo unpopular an Act, that it preſently raiſed a *Ferment* in the *Nation*, which was ſeldom allay'd but by a plentiful *Execution* of *Prieſts*. After the Return of King *Charles* II. the Popiſh Plot ſubjected them to inexpreſſible Sufferings, and to the moſt dreadful Apprehenſions. As for the Reign of King *James*, whatever the Bulk of the *Papiſts* might think of it, Men of Senſe and Foreſight of that *Religion*, were no leſs afraid of the Conſequences of his raſh Conduct, than the *Proteſtants* themſelves, which was the Reaſon that ſome ſold their Eſtates, and many retired Abroad; ſo little Notion had they of that Monarch's *Power* or *Prudence*. After the *Revolution*, the Attempts made in favour of the late King *James*, expoſed them to frequent Troubles. Under the Reign of Queen *Anne*, they were, on various Occaſions, alarmed and in Danger; as they were once or twice in the late Reign. But under his *preſent Majeſty*, he confeſſed they had enjoyed an uninterrupted *Quiet*, and had experienced as much *Lenity* from the *Crown*, and as much *Favour* from its *Servants*, as they could reaſonably expect; and this he ſaid was ſo notorious, that he did not believe there was a *Papiſt* in *England* but was ſenſible of, and ready to acknowledge it.

My Couſin *Prim* entertain'd me very copiouſly on the State of the Godly, as he called them, from the Dawn of the Reformation. He likewiſe acknowledged, that from that Time to this, they never had been, till now, free from Perſecution, or from a juſt Apprehenſion of it. He ſaid, that the Church had argued in the ſame rough Way with the *Papiſts*; that King *Edward* burnt Diſſenters; that Queen *Elizabeth* hanged them; that King *James* and his Son continually tormented them; that they were very indifferently treated by the Long *Parliament*; that in King *Charles*'s Time they were fined, impriſoned, and ſent to the Plantations; that from the *Reſtoration* to the Death of Queen *Anne*, there ſcarce ſate a Parliament, but ſome Attempt was made againſt them; but at preſent, he ſaid, they were perfectly eaſy and happy, and, as he thought, had not any thing either to *Wiſh*, or to *Fear*.

I am very ſenſible, Sir, that many Conſequences may be drawn from theſe Facts; but theſe I leave entirely to you; for tho' I think I have Senſe enough to report truly what I have heard attentively, yet I have not the Vanity to think, that I can Reaſon upon it, at leaſt in Black and White, and therefore I conclude myſelf,

S I R,

Your conſtant Reader,

Warrington, Nov. 17, 1738.

And very humble Servant,

Lucia Love Peace.

Peterſburg, Nov. 6. O. S.

THE Birth-day of his Britannick Majeſty was celebrated here with great Magnificence. Mr. Rondeau, the Britiſh Reſident, made a grand Entertainment on the Occaſion; at which the Hereditary Prince of Courland, the Foreign Miniſters, and all the Engliſh Gentlemen of Diſtinction at this Place were preſent. After the Entertainment there was a Ball, which laſted till near Midnight; and in the Evening there were Illuminations at the Houſes of the Engliſh Miniſter, and all the Merchants.

Warſaw, Oct. 11. *O. S.* The King has cauſed it to be declared to ſeveral of the Deputies, who, by their Oppoſition, have contributed to the breaking up of a laſt Diet, that if the Kingdom was expoſed to any Calamities, they muſt thank themſelves for it, ſince their Diſcord had hinder'd the Execution of the Meaſures that had been judged neceſſary for the Good of the Publick, and the Security of the Kingdom. 'Tis not doubted, that the Biſhop of Cracow, will be declared Archbiſhop of Gneſna, and Primate of the Kingdom. They write from Leopol, that the Baſhaw of Bender had made a Detachment from his Garriſon, to take a View of Oczakow and Kinburn; the Fortifications of which, they found that the Ruſſians had only partly demoliſhed, and then the ſaid Detachment took Poſſeſſion of both thoſe Poſts.

Paris, Nov. 20. *O. S.* The Affair of Juliers and Berg continues to take up very much of the Attention of this Court, who would be glad to find out proper Expedients for reconciling the Princes who have made a Scruple to concur with the Regulations lately concluded upon this Subject. As King Auguſtus of Poland, perſiſts in his Reſolution of aſſerting his

his Claim to that Succeſſion, we are aſſured that a very conſiderable Sum of Money has been propoſed to him as an Equivalent, which, 'tis believed here, will be more to the Advantage of that Prince, than if he was to have any Share either of Juliers or Berg; becauſe thoſe two Dominions are at ſuch a Diſtance from him, that the Number of Troops he will be obliged to maintain in the Poſſeſſion of them, will ſwallow up all the Revenues. Mr. Samuel Bernard, who has had a dangerous Relapſe, lately made his Will and Codicil, for which the two Notaries that drew them up, received 200 Lewidores each, and the Clerks 50. 'Tis ſaid that the Effects of which he has thereby made a Diſpoſition, amount to above 30 Millions of Livres; and that there will be a great Legacy for the Marquis de Mirepoix, the French Ambaſſador at Vienna, who married his Daughter.

HOME PORTS.

Deal, Dec. 1. Wind S. W. Remains the Cheſter Man; with the outward bound, as in my former. Came down the Cheſter, Malbon, for Virginia; the Thomas and William, Hunt, for Exon. Arrived the Alderney and Terrible Bomb Veſſels, from Portſmouth.

Deal, Dec. 2. Wind S. W. and blowed very hard all Night. No Damage in the Downs as we hear of. The Ships remain ſafe, as per Yeſterday. A Man of War is in Sight coming in; but cannot learn her Name.

Arrived at ſeveral Ports.

The Burlington, Purcell, from London and Madeira; the Bromley, Burcomb, from London; the Carolina Packet, Somerſet, from London, Cork and Madeira; the Hannah, Jeffen, from Cadiz; the Hanover, Dyott, from Belfaſt; the Dolphin, Rhimes, and the Greyhound, Gother, from Guiney, are at Barbados.

The Marlborough, Evans, from Guinea at St. Chriſtopher's.

LONDON.

The London Poſt, Wolfe, bound from London for Liſbon, in going down the River laſt Friday, run foul on the Richmond, Capt. Weſton, an outward bound Eaſt India Man, and received ſo much Damage in her Bottom, that ſhe was near Sinking.

Laſt Night the Riht Hon. Sir Robert Walpole, with ſeveral other Perſons of Diſtinction, came to Town from his Seat at Houghton Hall, to his Houſe in Downing-ſtreet, Weſtminſter.

And To-morrow a Board of Treaſury will be held.

The ſame Day the Right Rev. Dr. Butler, Lord Biſhop of Briſtol, was Conſecrated at Lambeth with the uſual Formality, by his Grace the Archbiſhop of Canterbury.

His Lordſhip is to hold the Rectory of Stanhope, in the Biſhoprick of Durham, as alſo his Prebendary of Rocheſter, in Commendam, a proper Inſtrument having lately paſſed the Seal, ſign'd by his Majeſty for that Purpoſe.

On Saturday Morning laſt about 1 o'Clock, Four Waggons coming to Market, were robbed a little of this ſide Whetſtone Turnpike by 4 Villains, two on Horſeback, and two on Foot, all armed, who robbed the Paſſengers of their Money, and not being contented with their Booty, for Miſchief Sake, cut the Sheets almoſt to Pieces that cover the Waggons, and afterwards made off.

Yeſterday his Majeſty, his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland, and the Princeſſes Amelia and Caroline, went to the Royal Chapel at St. James's, and heard a Sermon preached by the Reverend Dr. Cobden, and the Right Hon. the Lord Cathcart, one of the 16 Peers of Scotland, carried the Sword of State.

Yeſterday Morning Samuel Binks, Eſq; coming to London from Rocheſter, attended by a Servant on Horſe-back, was attacked on Black-heath by a ſingle Highwayman, who robbed him of Six Guineas and ſome Silver, and made off.

The ſame Morning a Boat going from London to Fulham, was overſet facing of Chelſea College, by which Accident two Men were drowned, but the Third happily ſaved himſelf by ſwiming to Shore.

Laſt Saturday a Labourer fell from the Scaffolding at the Top of a Houſe in Audley-ſtreet, Groſvenor's Square, and fractur'd his Scull in ſo terrible a Manner, that he died on the Spot.

This Evening the Corpſe of Mark Frecker, Eſq; one of the principal Clerks of the Treaſury, is to be carried from his late Dwelling-houſe, Weſtminſter, to Fulham, to be interred in that Church.

BANKRUPTS.

Raphael La Cour, and Iſaac La Court, of Catherine Court, Seething Lane, London, Merchants.

William Mackvetty, of St. Luke's, Old-ſtreet, Middleſex, Merchant.

Alexander Cobb, of Southampton-ſtreet, Covent-Garden, Taylor and Chapman.

John Richardſon the Younger, of Gracechurch-ſtreet, London, Hoſier.

Days appointed for the Payment of Dividends, to the Creditors of the following Perſons, viz.

December

5 Aſher Levi, late of Throgmorton-ſtreet, London, Merchant.
Jerrard Halſall, late of Liverpool, Linen-Draper.

6 Benjamin Evans, late of Fleet-ſtreet, London, Druggiſt.
William Greenwood, late of Swaffham, Norfolk, Grocer.

8 Edward Davis, late of the Devizes, Wiltſhire, Clothier.

9 Francis Tuncks, late of Tottenham High-Croſs, Middleſex, Butcher.

14 John Anley, late of Tiverton, Devonſhire, Mercer.

15 David Rowland, of St. Mary Magdalen Bermondſey in Surry, Tanner.

19 Chriſtopher Worger, of Aſhford in Kent, Draper.
Anthony Tracy, late of Butcher-Row, Middleſex, Vintner.

20 Thomas Wiſdom, of St. Saviour Southwark, Mealman and Wharfinger.

21 John Bedell, late of London, Haberdaſher.

22 Benjamin Gibbons, of the Strand, Middleſex, Haberſher of Small Wares.

January

6 Joſhua North, late of Leeds, Merchant.

High Water this Day at London Bridge.	Morning	05	Evening	05 26

Bank Stock 143. India 173 3-4ths. South Sea 103 7-8ths. Old Annuity 111 7-8ths to 112. New ditto 111 7-8ths to 112. Three per Cent. 105 5-8ths Seven per Cent. Loan 112 3-4ths. Five per Cent. ditto 101 1-4th to 1-half. Royal Aſſurance 108. London Aſſurance 13 7-8ths. African 14. India Bonds 61. 16s. to 17s. Prem. South Sea ditto 21. 15s. Prem. Bank Circulation 11. 10s. Prem. Salt Tallies 1-half to 2 1-half Prem. Engliſh Copper 31. 15s. Welſh ditto 15s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 6 3-4ths per Cent. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 3-4ths per Cent. Premium. Million Bank 122.

PERRY, Mayor. A Common Council held in the Chamber of the Guildhall of the City of London, on Friday the 1ſt Day of December 1738, and in the 12th Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, of Great Britain, &c.

THIS Court doth Order and Direct, that all Preſentments which ſhall hereafter be brought into the Court of Aldermen by the ſeveral Wardmote Inqueſts, ſhall forthwith be peruſed and examined by ſuch Officers of this City as the Court of Aldermen ſhall appoint for that Purpoſe; which Officers ſhall report to the ſaid Court the Nature and Condition of every Preſentment, to the Intent that Proſecutions may be commenced upon ſuch Preſentments, as to that Honourable Court ſhall ſeem meet; and that the Expence attending ſuch Proſecutions, ſhall be paid out of the Chamber of this City.

And it is Ordered, that the ſaid Reſolution be printed and publiſhed in ſome of the daily Papers.

MAN.

THE Commiſſioners of Sewers for Cleanſing the River Thame, *from Etherope Mill in the County of Bucks, to Dorcheſter in the County of Oxford, intend to hold their next Court of Sewers on Thurſday the 4th Day of January next at Mr. Green's, being the White-Hart-Inn, at Wheatley, in the County of Oxford: And if any Perſon or Perſons are willing to undertake the Cleanſing the ſaid River, or any Part thereof, and will then bring Propoſals in Writing, how and in what Manner, and at what Expence they will do the ſame, the Commiſſioners will receive the Propoſals, and treat with them about it.*

This Day is publiſh'd,

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And tranſlated into Engliſh.

To which are added all the large NOTES of Mr. J. BURLAMAQUI, Profeſſor of Law at Groningen, and Member of the Royal Academy of Sciences at Berlin.

Printed for W. Innys and R. Manby, at the Weſt End of St. Paul's; J. and P. Knapton in Ludgate-ſtreet, D. Midwinter without Temple Bar; T. Osborne in Gray's-Inn, and J. Wickſteed in Newgate-ſtreet.

This Day is publiſhed,

THE POLITICAL STATE of Great Britain for the Month of NOVEMBER, 1738.

Containing in particular,

1. Secret Hiſtory of the Court Leet in Weſtminſter.
2. Full Account of the Stone-diſſolving Medicine, and its Operations.
3. The Controverſy relating to the Wear of Muſlins, &c.
4. Particular Inſtances of the Corruption of the preſent Age.
5. Memoirs of the French Players, from their Defence to their Decampment.
6. Journal of a memorable Controverſy on that Subject.
7. Attempt to revive the Practice of taking Quickſilver.
8. Cauſes of the preſent low State of Informing.
9. Remarkable Proceedings in the Common Council, and other Courts.
10. Reflections on the prevailing Cuſtom of Men in publick Health uſing Chairs.
11. Petition of the Tumblers, Morrice Dancers, &c.
12. Marriages, Deaths, &c.
13. Bill of Mortality.

Printed for T. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noſter-Row. Price 1s. 6d. Of whom may be had any of the former Months.

December 1, 1738.

This Day was Landed,

From on board the Duke of Richmond, Capt. Cornelius, from Rotterdam.

A Quantity of freſh German Spa Waters, moſt carefully taken up from the Pouhon Fountain, and ſecured after the beſt Method; the Arms of the Prince of Leige are impreſſed in Glaſs on the Neck of each Flask, by ſpecial Privilege from his Highneſs, agreeable to the annexed Impreſſion: As alſo,

Laſt Week Landed,

A Quantity of freſh Pyrmont Waters. The Arms of the Prince of Waldeck, are likewiſe impreſſed on the Glaſs of each Bottle.

Theſe Waters, with thoſe of Holt, Scarborough, laſt from Briſtol, which may be depended upon to be Genuine and conſtantly freſh, are ſold and delivered to any Part of the Town, by

THOMAS DAVIS,

Purveyor of Mineral Waters to his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales.

From his Water Warehouſe in St. Alban-ſtreet. Pall-mall.

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The Duke of *Berwick*,	The Earl of *Portland*,
The Duke of *Orleans*,	The Earl of *Albemarle*,
The Cardinals *de Bois, Fleury, Rhoan, Coſcia*, &c.	The Duke of *Marlborough*,
	The Duke of *Newcaſtle*,
M. *Chauvelin*,	The Lord *Harrington*,
The Duke of *Ripperda*,	Sir *Robert Walpole*,
Prince *Eugene*,	Counteſs of *Deliz*,
Count *Zinzendorf*,	Counteſs of *Koningſmark*,
Baron *de Gortz*,	Marchioneſs *de Monteſpan*,
Count *Patkul*,	Marchioneſs *de Maintenon*,
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